## Question Paper 1

ఒట్ట్రు మొద్రిత థ్లుటగగఆ స్సంఖ్యి: 12 ]
Total No. of Printed Pages : 12 ]
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Code No. : 81-E

## A <br> CCE RR REVISED

# ఎిజయ : గణణిత <br> <br> Subject : MATHEMATICS <br> <br> Subject : MATHEMATICS <br> ( ఇంగ్లిషో భాఱలంతర / English Version ) <br>  <br> ( யుNరాదతిఁత లలలర అభ్యథీร / Regular Repeater ) 

దినృంళ : 21. 09. 2020]
[ Date: 21. 09. 2020


[ Max. Marks : 80

## General Instructions to the Candidate :

1. This Question Paper consists of 38 objective and subjective types of questions.
2. This question paper has been sealed by reverse jacket. You have to cut on the right side to open the paper at the time of commencement of the examination. Check whether all the pages of the question paper are intact.
3. Follow the instructions given against both the objective and subjective types of questions.
4. Figures in the right hand margin indicate maximum marks for the questions.
5. The maximum time to answer the paper is given at the top of the question paper. It includes 15 minutes for reading the question paper.

## Deekshả

I. Four alternatives are given for each of the following questions / incomplete statements. Choose the correct alternative and write the complete answer along with its letter of alphabet.

1. In the given graph, the number of zeros of the polynomial $y=p(x)$ is

(A) 3
(B) 5
(C) 4
(D) 2 .
2. The value of $\sec ^{2} 26^{\circ}-\tan ^{2} 26^{\circ}$ is
(A) $\frac{1}{2}$
(B) 0
(C) 2
(D) 1 .
3. In the $\triangle A B C$, if $D E \| A C$, then the correct relation is

(A) $\frac{B D}{A B}=\frac{A C}{D E}=\frac{B C}{B E}$
(B) $\frac{B D}{A B}=\frac{D E}{A C}=\frac{B E}{B C}$
(C) $\frac{A B}{B D}=\frac{A C}{D E}=\frac{B E}{E C}$
(D) $\frac{A D}{B D}=\frac{D E}{A C}=\frac{B E}{E C}$.

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4. The base radius and height of a right circular cylinder and a right circular cone are equal and, if the volume of the cylinder is $360 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$, then the volume of cone is
(A) $120 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
(B) $180 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
(C) $90 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
(D) $360 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$.
5. The lines represented by $x+2 y-4=0$ and $2 x+4 y-12=0$ are,
(A) intersecting lines
(B) parallel lines
(C) coincident lines
(D) perpendicular lines to each other.
6. If the $n^{\text {th }}$ term of an arithmetic progression $a_{n}=3 n-2$, then its $9^{\text {th }}$ term is
(A) -25
(B) 5
(C) -5
(D) 25 .
7. If $P(A)=\frac{2}{3}$, then $P(\bar{A})$ is
(A) $\frac{1}{3}$
(B) 3
(C) 1
(D) $\frac{3}{2}$.
8. The surface area of a sphere of radius 7 cm is
(A) $154 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
(B) $616 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
(C) $616 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
(D) $308 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$.

## Deekshả

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II. Answer the following questions :
9. In two linear equations $a_{1} x+b_{1} y+c_{1}=0$ and $a_{2} x+b_{2} y+c_{2}=0$, if $\frac{a_{1}}{a_{2}} \neq \frac{b_{1}}{b_{2}}$, then write the number of solutions these pair of equations have.
10. If $\cos \theta=\frac{24}{25}$, then write the value of $\sec \theta$.
11. In the figure, $O$ is the centre of a circle, $A C$ is a diameter. If $\left\lfloor A C B=50^{\circ}\right.$, then find the measure of $\triangle B A C$.

12. Write the formula to find the total surface area of a right-circular cone whose circular base radius is ' $r$ ' and slant height is ' $l$ '.
13. Find the H.C.F. of the smallest prime number and the smallest composite number.
14. If $P(x)=2 x^{3}+3 x^{2}-11 x+6$, then find the value of $P(1)$.
15. If one root of the equation $(x+4)(x+3)=0$ is -4 , then find the another root of the equation.
16. If $\sin ^{2} A=0$, then find the value of $\cos A$.

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III. Answer the following questions :
17. Solve the following pair of linear equations :

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2 x+3 y=11 \\
& 2 x-4 y=-24
\end{aligned}
$$

18. Find the sum of first 20 terms of arithmetic series $5+10+15+$ $\qquad$ using suitable formula.
19. Find the value of $k$ of the polynomial $P(x)=2 x^{2}-6 x+k$, such that the sum of zeros of it is equal to half of the product of their zeros.
20. Find the value of the discriminant of the quadratic equation $2 x^{2}-5 x-1=0$, and hence write the nature of its roots.
21. Prove that $\operatorname{cosec} A(1-\cos A)(\operatorname{cosec} A+\cot A)=1$.

OR
Prove that $\frac{\tan A-\sin A}{\tan A+\sin A}=\frac{\sec A-1}{\sec A+1}$.
22. Find the coordinates of the mid-point of the line segment joining the points (2, 3) and (4, 7).
 marked on the faces of a cubical die. If this die is rolled once, then find the probability of getting a vowel on its top face.

OR

A game of chance consists of rotating an arrow which comes to rest pointing at one of the numbers $1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8$ and these are equally possible outcomes. Find the probability that it will point at an odd number.

24. Draw a circle of radius 4 cm , and construct a pair of tangents to the circle, such that the angle between the tangents is $60^{\circ}$.
IV. Answer the following questions :
25. Prove that $\sqrt{3}$ is an irrational number.

OR

Find L.C.M. of H.C.F. ( 306, 657) and 12.
26. The diagonal of a rectangular playground is 60 m more than the smaller side of the rectangle. If the longer side is 30 m more than the smaller side, find the sides of the playground.

The altitude of a triangle is 6 cm more than its base. If its area is $108 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, find the base and height of the triangle.
27. In the figure, the vertices of $\triangle A B C$ are $A(0,6), B(8,0)$ and $C(5,8)$. If $C D \perp A B$, then find the length of altitude $C D$.


OR

Show that the triangle whose vertices are $A(8,-4), B(9,5)$ and $C(0,4)$ is an isosceles triangle.
28. Calculate the mode for the following frequency distribution table :

| Class-interval | Frequency $\left(f_{i}\right)$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0-5$ | 8 |
| $5-10$ | 9 |
| $10-15$ | 5 |
| $15-20$ | 3 |
| $20-25$ | 1 |
|  | $\sum f_{i}=26$ |

## Deekshả

29. An insurance policy agent found the following data for distribution of ages of 35 policy holders. Draw a "less than type" ( below ) of ogive for the given data:

| Age ( in years ) | Number of policy holders |
| :---: | :---: |
| Below 20 | 2 |
| Below 25 | 6 |
| Below 30 | 12 |
| Below 35 | 16 |
| Below 40 | 20 |
| Below 45 | 25 |
| Below 50 | 35 |

30. In the $\triangle A B D, C$ is a point on $B D$ such that $B C: C D=1: 2$, and $\triangle A B C$ is an equilateral triangle. Then prove that $A D^{2}=7 A C^{2}$.

31. Prove that "the lengths of tangents drawn from an external point to a circle are equal".
32. $A B$ and $C D$ are the arcs of two concentric circles with centre $O$ of radius 21 cm and 7 cm respectively. If $\mid A O B=30^{\circ}$ as shown in the figure, find the area of the shaded region.


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In the figure, $A B C D$ is a square, and two semicircles touch each other externally at $P$. The length of each semicircular arc is equal to 11 cm . Find the area of the shaded region.

33. Construct a triangle with sides $6 \mathrm{~cm}, 7 \mathrm{~cm}$ and 8 cm and then construct another triangle whose sides are $\frac{3}{4}$ of the corresponding sides of the constructed triangle.
V. Answer the following questions :
34. Find the solution of the following pair of linear equations by the graphical method.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2 x+y=8 \\
& x+y=5
\end{aligned}
$$

35. An aircraft flying parallel to the ground in the sky from the point $A$ through the point $B$ is observed, the angle of elevation of aircraft at $A$ from a point on the level ground is $60^{\circ}$, after 10 seconds it is observed that the angle of elevation of aircraft at $B$ is found to be $30^{\circ}$ from the same point. Find at what height the aircraft is flying, if the velocity of aircraft is $648 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. (Use $\sqrt{3}=1.73$ )


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36. Prove that "if in two triangles, corresponding angles are equal, then their corresponding sides are in the same ratio ( or proportion ) and hence the two triangles are similar".
37. A medicine capsule is in the shape of a cylinder with hemispheres stuck to each of its ends. The length of the entire capsule is 14 mm and the diameter of the capsule is 5 mm . Find its surface area.


A right circular cone of height 30 cm is cut and removed by a plane parallel to its base from the vertex. If the volume of smaller cone obtained is $\frac{1}{27}$ of the volume of the given cone, calculate the height of the remaining part of the cone.


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VI. Answer the following question :
38. The common difference of two different arithmetic progressions are equal. The first term of the first progression is 3 more than the first term of second progression. If the 7 th term of first progression is 28 and 8 th term of second progression is 29, then find the both different arithmetic progressions.

